

Pubic Symphysis

Pubic Symphony

The pubic symphysis or symphysis pubis is the midline cartilaginous joint uniting the superior rami of the left and right pubic bones.

Obturator Foramen

Operator Foreman

The obturator foramen is the hole created by the ischium and pubis bones of the pelvis through which nerves and blood vessels pass. Through the canal the obturator artery, obturator vein and obturator nerve pass out of the pelvis.

Ischium

Itchy-bum

The ischium forms the lower and back part of the hip bone. It is divisible into three portions. These are the body of the ischium, the superior ramus of the ischium and the inferior ramus of the ischium.

Sacrum

Sack-rum

The sacrum is a large, triangular bone at the base of the spine and at the upper, back part of the pelvic cavity, where it is inserted like a wedge between the two hip bones. Its upper part connects with the last lumbar vertebra, and its lower part with the coccyx.

Coccyx

Cock-sits

The coccyx, commonly referred to as the tailbone, is the final segment of the vertebral column. It is comprised of three to five separate or fused vertebrae below the sacrum.