

Gown

[Gown](#)

A gown is used for all patients that are on contact precautions or when contact with body fluid is anticipated. The gown creates a barrier between the staff member's skin and uniform and the infectious organism. This helps prevent the organism from transmitting onto the staff uniform.

Face Mask

[Face Mask](#)

Masks are used during invasive procedures when respiratory secretions are present or when the patient is on Droplet or Respiratory Precaution. Staff members caring for a patient with possible tuberculosis are required to wear a N95 mask. Being "fit tested" by the organization is required before using these masks.

Goggles/Face Shield

[Goggles](#)

Goggles or face shields are used when splashes or spraying of bodily fluid can occur. Face shields are also used with patients that are in Droplet Precaution.

Gloves

[Gloves](#)

Gloves are an essential part of standard precautions. Even though gloves are being worn, it is still necessary to wash or gel hands before and after a patient encounter. Ask the patient about Latex allergies and confirm that the proper gloves are being used.

Donning and Removing PPE

[Putting-on and Removing PPE](#)

Gather needed supplies before entering the room. Then don needed PPE. Make sure all PPE fits and is securely tied, placing gloves on last. Remove gloves first by pulling them off by the cuff and turning them inside out.

Discard Sharps in Puncture-Resistant Container

[Discarding Sharp-needles in Sharps-container](#)

To eliminate accidental needle sticks and comply with OSHA regulation, place any used sharps/needles in a puncture-resistant container immediately after use. A container should be present in every room. Never carry used sharps out of a patient's room.

Cough Etiquette

[Coughing Coffee-pot Etiquette](#)

Educate the patient and family members on proper cough/sneeze etiquette. Have the patient cover his or her nose/mouth when coughing or sneezing and dispose of used tissues properly. Place a surgical mask on a non-compromised respiratory patient when the patient is out of the room. Keep a 3 feet distance between you and a patient that is coughing.