

## Ewing's Sarcoma

Ewing's sarcoma is the second most common bone sarcoma in children. It is a malignant, small round cell tumor caused by an 11;22 translocation of the EWS gene on chromosome 22 and the ETS transcription factor, which results in abnormally increased cell proliferation. It most frequently affects boys between 10-15 years old. It tends to present as extreme bone pain with a rapidly enlarging mass in the diaphysis of long bones, like the femur, as well as the pelvis, scapula and ribs. There may be an elevated ESR, CRP, or leukocytosis from an inflammatory response. Radiographically, it appears as a lytic lesion with an onion-skin appearance of the periosteum. This characteristic onion-skinning is from reactive bone formation in a lamellated, concentric pattern. It is an aggressive tumor with hematogenous spread of metastases, but it is very responsive to chemotherapy with or without surgical excision.



PLAY PICMONIC

### Epidemiology

#### Most Common in Boys 15 years old

[Little league <15 years old](#)

Ewing's sarcoma is most common in boys less than 15 years of age, and is the second most common bone sarcoma in children.

### Pathophysiology

#### 11;22 Translocation

[\(11\) Double Wand; \(22\) Double Tutu](#)

There is a translocation of the EWS gene on chromosome 22 and the ETS transcription factor on chromosome 11, which causes abnormal cell proliferation and survival.

### Characteristics

#### Long bones, Pelvis, Ribs

[Long bone, pelvis, ribs](#)

Ewing's sarcoma tends to affect the long bones, as well as the flat bones of the pelvis, scapula and the ribs.

#### Diaphysis

[Dice-fist](#)

Ewing's sarcoma tends to present in the long shaft of the bone, known as the diaphysis.

#### Small Blue Cells

[Small Blue-spots](#)

Ewing's sarcoma histologically appears as sheets of small blue cells that are slightly larger than lymphocytes and contain little cytoplasm.

#### Malignant

[Malignant-man](#)

Ewing's sarcoma is a malignant tumor that often metastasizes hematogenously to the lungs, bone marrow and other bones.

### **Aggressive**

#### [Aggressive-expression](#)

Ewing's sarcoma is an aggressive tumor that can invade beyond the bone into the soft tissue.

### **Onion-skin Appearance**

#### [Onion](#)

Radiographically, the tumor has an onion-skin appearance, and is observed as a periosteal reaction. A periosteal reaction is the formation of new bone in response to injury, or other stimuli of the periosteum surrounding the bone. This occurs because the body treats this tumor as a permeative lytic lesion. This characteristic onion-skinning is from reactive bone formation in a lamellated, concentric pattern.

## **TREATMENT**

### **Responsive to Chemotherapy**

#### [Chemotherapy head-wrap](#)

Ewing's sarcoma responds very well to chemotherapy with or without surgical resection.