



## Topical Antifungals

### Ant-tie-fun-guy

Several topical antifungal medications can effectively treat seborrheic dermatitis by targeting the *Malassezia* species associated with this condition. An example includes ketoconazole, considered a first-line treatment for seborrheic dermatitis. Naftifine is another antifungal medication that may be used for this condition.

## Corticosteroids

### Quarter-on-steroids

Corticosteroids may be used to treat seborrheic dermatitis when other treatments, such as antifungal medications and gentle skincare practices, have not effectively managed the symptoms. Corticosteroid creams should be used for a short time because prolonged use can increase the chances of recurrence. They work by reducing inflammation in the affected area, which helps relieve redness, itching, and discomfort associated with seborrheic dermatitis.

## Emollients in Infants

### Oil and Infants

Emollients can be useful in managing seborrheic dermatitis in infants by helping to moisturize and soothe the affected skin. Emollients, such as creams, ointments, or lotions, can help to soften and loosen the scales on the scalp, making them easier to remove. They can also help to soothe any itching or discomfort associated with cradle cap.